

Vermont Daily Transcript.

THURSDAY, JUNE 25, 1868.

Maine Democracy.

The Democratic Convention, of Maine, which met at Augusta on the 23d inst., unanimously nominated E. F. Pillsbury for Governor, Hon. R. D. Rice, S. D. Anderson, E. C. Madigan, and Daniel R. Hastings were elected delegates at large to the National Convention, by acclamation. Messrs. John Ware and Phillip Eastman were elected Presidential electors at large.

Resolutions were adopted declaring that the present Congress has excluded a large number of States from the Union, and deprived their citizens of all their political and civil rights; that the time had come for all to band against the Jacobins; that the right of the Government to tax the national income is clear, and ought to be exercised by collecting a tax upon the coupons; that the proceeds of such tax should be distributed among all of the States equitably; that it is the duty of the Government to abide by the terms of all its contracts, and it should not impose oppressive burdens upon the people to pay bonds in gold, except such as are by their terms made so payable; that the men who fought for the Union are entitled to the same currency as the bond-holders.

Two of the delegates elected—Gen. Anderson and J. C. Madigan—are for Pendleton; while the other two—Judge Rice and Daniel R. Hastings—are for Hancock or Chase. Gen. Anderson addressed the convention and was particularly severe on Gen. Grant whom he stigmatized as having performed the meanest act a man could when he accepted the office of Secretary of War *ad interim*. He concluded, the account says, by stating that the liberties of the country could only be trusted in the hands of the Democratic party. The people of Maine won't take much stock in this statement as Anderson will be thoroughly convinced when they have another opportunity to vote.

Objections.

Since Gen. Grant has failed to become the candidate of the Democratic party, for President of the United States, a great many things to his prejudice have been discovered, as a matter of course. It is "sour grapes" over again. When the *World* was trying to make its readers think, in anticipation of nominating him, that he was the best man going, it exalted him as a general, a statesman, an economist, a very thorough scholar, and the little organs of the Democracy turned the handles of their instruments and sang, "So say we all of us." When the most comic gravity. But finally it was found that such laudations did not sufficiently move the reluctant warrior, and that the Democratic nomination was not the most alluring thing in his mind's eye. Then the organs all stopped, the action of their machinery was changed, and Ulysses S. Grant began to be praised backward. He was accused of smoking—of driving fast horses—of drinking—of having been named Hiram—of being a butcher, and even of spending his salary in accordance with his own desires, and of having an orderly. Well these are serious things to say of Gen. Grant of course, and in some particulars they are true, and more than true. The New York *Sun* vouches for his smoking, as follows:

"It cannot be denied that Grant arrested the eye of the nation by his proclivity to smoke. He smoked at Belmont, at Donelson, and at Pittsburgh Landing. He smoked furiously at Vicksburg, at Chattanooga, at the Wilderness, and at Spotsylvania, and kept it up all summer until he reached Petersburg. He smoked around Petersburg and Richmond for nine months, and took a final smoke with Gen. Lee under the famous Appomattox apple tree. The old adage assures us that a good deal of smoke must necessarily be accompanied by some fire; and it must be admitted that on all these occasions Grant did much smoking under fire."

In regard to the "butcher" business the *Sun* puts in a few good words, also, full of truth and sense. It says:

Having wholly retired from the army in 1854 and gone into the tanning business, he would doubtless have remained content to the end of his days in the slaughter of animals for the sake of their hides, had not the South plunged into a rebellion that cost the lives of a million of men. Grant participated in the strife; but it so happens that all his efforts were directed to putting a stop to the carnage at the earliest possible day. While the conflict raged, he dealt heavy blows; but the people do not doubt that his decisive style of conducting the war was far more economical of blood than the dawdling mode of some of his colleagues. Nor do they forget that his demand for an unconditional surrender at Fort Donelson, stayed the slaughter which had raged around it for three days; that through his negotiations with Pemberton he received the key of the Mississippi Valley, thus averting the carnage which would have attended an assault on Vicksburg; that in the celebrated letter to Lee which brought the Confederate chief to a conference, Grant, though he might have won a good deal of vulgar glory by hurling his clated battalions upon the reeling lines of Lee, urged him to come to a parley and save a further effusion of blood. And the liberal terms he yielded to the Confederate General and his army showed that, so far from being a hardened butcher, who loved to riot in carnage, he was a generous soldier, who was unwilling to wound even the feelings of his fallen antagonists.

When we come to the little personal

criticisms about his name, his manner of spending his well earned salary, and other matters of the kind, it may be well enough to let them pass without much comment. If they amuse the papers which make editorials of them we do not feel like denying them such recreation, harmless to the object of their attacks. It is a small kind of warfare which their own former praise sufficiently condemns. They are trying to cover with mud the man they before desired and sought as their candidate, and if what they say was true, the truth hits themselves hardest, for Grant is "sour grapes" to them.

OBITUARY.—The Cincinnati *Gazette* says: Peter M. Garner, one of the earlier anti-slavery men of Ohio, died at Columbus a day or two ago in his fifty-ninth year. He was born in Lancaster county, Pa. December 4, 1804, and moved to Ohio early in life. While living on the southeastern border of that State in 1845, he became obnoxious to the pro-slavery residents of Virginia, and was kidnapped, together with Clayton J. Lorain and Mordecai Thomas, and lodged in Parkersburg jail. No one in Virginia could be found to bail them, though several gentlemen offered to indemnify any persons who would become their bondsmen. They were accordingly kept in confinement for several months, and finally released on their own recognizance.

Matthew Vassar, whose death was briefly announced in yesterday's *TRANSCRIPT* was born in England, but when about four years old was brought by his father to the United States, where he passed the remainder of his life. In early manhood he commenced the brewery business at Poughkeepsie, in which by steady industry he amassed a handsome fortune. In 1861 he appropriated the sum of \$405,000 to found the well known female institution bearing his name, in addition to a tract of one hundred acres near Poughkeepsie, upon which to erect the necessary buildings. In 1863 the institution was first opened for instruction, and since that time, owing to its excellent organization and judicious management, it has attained a high degree of efficiency and popularity. Mr. Vassar gave great attention to the details of its management; and his death occurred while he was in the act of reading his customary address before the Trustees of the College at their annual meeting.

The Rev. Morris Jacob Raphael, the eminent Rabbi preacher of the great synagogue, New York, and the author of several Hebrew works, died in the city of New York, on the 20th inst., at the age of 80th year, and the little organs of the Democracy turned the handles of their instruments and sang, "So say we all of us." When the most comic gravity. But finally it was found that such laudations did not sufficiently move the reluctant warrior, and that the Democratic nomination was not the most alluring thing in his mind's eye. Then the organs all stopped, the action of their machinery was changed, and Ulysses S. Grant began to be praised backward. He was accused of smoking—of driving fast horses—of drinking—of having been named Hiram—of being a butcher, and even of spending his salary in accordance with his own desires, and of having an orderly. Well these are serious things to say of Gen. Grant of course, and in some particulars they are true, and more than true. The New York *Sun* vouches for his smoking, as follows:

A Wild Man in Mississippi.

A St. Louis paper prints the following curious story about a strange visaged creature seen near Vicksburg last fall, and recently seen near Meadville, Miss. Its appearance is reported to have excited much alarm among the people, and the description given of the appearance and acts of the whatever-it-is certainly justifies that alarm:

"Some time in September last, as a party of hunters were driving in the swamps some few miles from the river a trail was taken by the hounds and followed up at a brisk pace, leaving the party far behind. In following after the dogs they discovered the track of the game in some watery places, which appeared similar to the track of a human foot; and they observed also that the foot of one foot turned backward. On coming up with the dogs, who were now baying, they beheld a frightful looking creature, of about the average height of man, but of far greater muscular development, standing menacingly a few yards in front of the dogs. It had long, coarse hair flowing from its head and reaching near its knees; its entire body, also, seemed to be covered with hair of two or three inches length, which was of a dark brown color. From its upper jaw projected two very large tusks several inches long. Its head and face, as well as could be determined from the distance of the observers, bore a striking resemblance to that of the negro, except that the chin and cheeks were covered with long hair. On the near approach of the hunters it fled with great rapidity toward the Mississippi River, and was not overtaken again until within a few yards of the bank. When the party came up with the dog the second time the monster was standing erect before them, none of them having yet dared to clench with it. But when the dogs were urged by their masters they endeavored to seize it, when it reached forward and grabbed one of them, and taking it in its hands pressed it against its tusks, which pierced it through and killed it instantly.

Becoming alarmed at this display of strength, the hunters fired several shots at the creature, which caused it to leap into the river. It remained under water several minutes, and then rose almost its entire length above the surface, uttering shrieks which almost petrified the pursuers with terror. No similar sound had ever come to the ears of these men, who were all familiar with the howl of the wolf, the whine of the panther and the hoarse bellowing of the alligator. After sinking and rising several times, it swam to the Louisiana shore and disappeared.

Meadville, where it last appeared, is about forty miles east of the Mississippi river, and nearly one hundred miles from Vicksburg; throughout Franklin county there are retreats especially adapted to the accommodation of wild beasts, such as the high barren hills, ravines and dense vine-matted swamp of the Homochitto river."

Personal.

"We are astonished," says the New York *Times*, "that none of the Democrats, in their search for a candidate, have struck upon Caleb Cushing. He has more brains than any other leader in the party; he is an experienced politician; and he is sound on the goose. Long years ago he warned his countrymen of the coming of the 'man on horseback,' and this fact alone ought to point him out as the prophetic adversary of Gen. Grant."

Wilson's "Life of Grant" says concerning the General's family: "His eldest son, Frederick, a youth of eighteen, is now a cadet at West Point, where Admiral Farragut's son is also being educated, and is the bold little fellow who accompanied his father throughout the Vicksburg campaign. Another son, some fifteen years of age, is named Ulysses, and his only daughter, called Nellie, is a sunny dispositioned and merry young lady, whom everybody loves; while the youngest son, known as Jessie, and we presume named after his worthy grandfather, is a bright lad who sometimes appears dressed in Highland costume, the garb of his Gaelic ancestors. The family, therefore, consists of the General and Mrs. Grant, three sons, and their only daughter, Miss Nellie."

On Tuesday Gen. Meade had a long interview with Gen. Grant on the existing condition of the Southern States. Gen. Meade left for the South on Wednesday, and Gen. Grant will leave for the far West on Monday next.

Speaker Colfax has appointed Frank Moore, editor of the *Rebellion Record*, to collect for the archives of the government the accounts of the recent ceremonies throughout the United States on the floral decorations of soldiers' graves. Mr. Colfax has written to friends in Colorado that he expects to be there about the first of August, and will probably remain about a month visiting mountains, mines, peaks and plains. He has invited his old companions in the journey across the continent three years ago to accompany him on the trip.

Edward C. Johnson, the youngest son of Reverend Johnson, has been nominated to be Assistant Secretary of Legation at London in place of D. R. Alward. Benj. Moran, the experienced Secretary of the Legation, will remain.

Dickens went over to Paris the other day to witness the first performance of "L'Abime," the French version of *No Thoroughfare*, but became so nervous at the idea of sitting in a stage-box and receiving an ovation from the audience, that he could not muster courage to enter the theatre on the opening night.

THE BEST PEN GOING.—We are indebted to the considerate generosity of James W. Grant, Esq., 79 John Street, New York, for the most satisfactory pen we have ever used since we have handled "the quill editorial." It is a diamond pointed India rubber pen, which possesses the durability of a gold pen, and the elasticity of a quill. Before the receipt of it we invariably used a quill, which of course required frequent mending; but now our quill lies idle, while we are entirely satisfied with its continually perfect substitute. We advise our editorial brethren, and all others who wish for an easy writing and perfect pen, to try Mr. Grant's pen and holder. Besides their superiority for writing purposes they are conveniently carried, and are economical.

Heber Kimball, the second President of the Mormon church, died at Salt Lake on the 22d inst.

"Old Oaken Bucket," "Falconer and Bride," at H. Livingston & Sons.

IN BANKRUPTCY.—In the District Court of the United States, for the District of Vermont, in the matter of

HORACE P. HALL,
Bankrupt. Notice is hereby given that a petition filed in said Court, by Horace P. Hall of St. Albans, in said District, duly declared a bankruptcy under the Act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof, from all his debts and other claims payable under said Act, and that the 14th day of July 1868 at 10 o'clock A.M., before the Hon. A. S. Smallley, Judge of said Court, at his Chambers in the City of Burlington, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted. The second and third meetings of creditors will be held at the same time and place.

Dated at Burlington, on the 26th day of June 1868.
B. B. SMALLLEY, Clerk.

E. B. & C. G. PECKHAM,
Bankrupt. Notice is hereby given that petitions have been filed in said Court, by E. B. & C. G. Peckham, (partnership) formerly of Sheldon in said District, duly declared bankrupts under the Act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof, from all their debts and other claims payable under said Act, and that on the 13th day of July, 1868, at 10 o'clock A.M., before the Hon. A. S. Smallley, Judge of said Court, at his Chambers in the City of Burlington, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest, may attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petition should not be granted. The second and third meetings of creditors will be held at the same time and place.

Dated at Burlington, on the 15th day of June, 1868.
B. B. SMALLLEY, Clerk.

Musical Instruments.
I have made arrangements to furnish Pianos, Organs, and Melodians, from the best Manufacturers in the country. Instruments are fully warranted. A written guarantee given, specifying that they shall fully sustain their tone, and not get out of order for five years.
H. L. SAMSON.
St. Albans, Vt., June, 1868.
222-3u

Cow and Calf for Sale.
The subscriber has for sale a good new milk cow, and her calf. ELIZA CURRY.
222-3w Georgia, Vt.

AUCTION SALE!!
3,000 WORTH OF GOODS!

In the commodious rooms over
A. S. Hyde's Store,
MAIN STREET, ST. ALBANS,
Every day at private sale, and evening at Auction, until the stock is sold.

The subscriber will sell as above indicated, a large stock of Goods at Auction consisting of new and second-hand

READY-MADE CLOTHING.
Such as Pants, Vests, Coats, &c. Also, Browsers Carpeting, Oil Cloth, and Bush Carpeting. Also, a lot of Fancy Goods of every description, too numerous to mention. A fine lot of

Ladies' Dress Goods,
Shaker Bonnets, Albums, Satinets, Lawns, and about everything that people want, and want at their own prices.
R. KINGSLEY,
Proprietor and Auctioneer.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

WE would give this notice to our former friends and patrons, that on and after the 1st day of June, 1868, we shall sell our goods for

STRICTLY CASH

—AND—

ONE PRICE!!!

Having had sufficient experience in the credit system of doing business, we have concluded to make a change, and try the Cash System—believing that we can sell our goods cheaper by adopting such a rule. Although a novelty in St. Albans, we are determined to try the plan. We have on hand a large stock of

READY MADE CLOTHING

—AND—

Furnishing Goods,

Which under this plan we will agree to sell 15 per cent less than any other firm in town, that do business on the credit system.
Take notice and govern yourself accordingly.

SMITH & FOSTER,
NO. 2, DARROW BLOCK,
St. Albans, Vt. d17-1m

LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST.

Phoenix Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

ITS ASSETS ARE NEARLY

\$3,000,000.

ANNUAL INCOME.

NEARLY TWO MILLIONS,

AND CONSTANTLY INCREASING.

Annual Dividends, 50 Per Cent.

All its Policies are Non-Forfeiting! No restriction on Travel, Location or Employment! Dividends upon the full Premiums paid on all its Tables!

Notes taken if desired for half of the Premium for the first four years, and in case of death, they are paid by the Dividends and given up and not deducted from the Policy.

The Full Amount of Insurance is Paid.

It has paid in losses to its Policy Holders over \$300,000, and has never contested a claim during the 17 years of its existence. No extra Premiums charged for insuring.

Females, Railroad Employees or Seamen

A Policy in the Phoenix is properly called a Whole World Policy. It permits the insured to travel or reside at will anywhere in the United States or Europe, at any season of the year, without extra charge.

NELSON H. ARMINGTON, Agent,
For Franklin, Grand Isle and Lamoille counties.
C. L. BARCOCK, State Agent,
d22w223-1f Rutland, Vt.

Swanton Falls Marble Works!

The undersigned having purchased the Large

MARBLE FACTORY

And business of the late Jon Pennay, and having improved facilities for carrying on the business by water power, would announce to the public that he will fill all orders for

MONUMENTS,

Grave Stones, Counters and Table Tops, Cemetery Posts, Window Caps and Sills, with promptness and at low rates.
R. LESTER BARNES,
Swanton, Vt., June 1868. 221-2m

Notice to Farmers.

FOR SALE by the subscriber, the latest improved lightest draught and best Moving Machines in the world, and the new and latest Improved Horse Hay Rake, Manufactured by the Knicker Moving Machine Co., Worcester, Mass. I will supply all extras necessary to repair said Machines. All wanting Machines will do well to call and examine the Machinery before purchasing any other.

N. B. Leach, of Sheldon, is authorized to receive orders for the above Machines.
GEO. W. KIDDER,
Swanton, May 26th, 1868. 218-2m

NOTICE.

TWO FARMERS AND OTHERS.—The subscribers having purchased and fitted up in good order, the Wooden Mill at Swanton Falls, formerly known as Platt's Factory, are now prepared to manufacture Cloths or Yarn for customers, or exchange the same for wool. A liberal share of patronage solicited, and satisfaction guaranteed.

N. B. Office in southeast end of Factory, where may be found the books and accounts of the late firm of Platt & Hinkley.
219-4f MEIGS & HINKLEY.

BLACK DRESS SUITS OF EVERY KIND AT WM. N. SMITH & CO'S.
BOYS GO TO WM. N. SMITH & CO'S FOR YOUR SPRING CLOTHING.

DEWEY, NOBLE & CO'S

INSURANCE

AGENCY.

ETNA INSURANCE COMPANY OF

HARTFORD, CONN.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, \$4,833,543.39.

HOME INSURANCE COMPANY OF

NEW YORK.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, \$2,623,806.78.

HARTFORD FIRE INS. COMPANY

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, \$2,000,000.00.

INS. COMPANY NORTH AMERICA

OF PHILADELPHIA.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, \$2,000,000.00.

NIAGARA FIRE INSURANCE CO.

OF NEW YORK.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, \$1,500,000.00.

SECURITY INSURANCE CO. OF

NEW YORK.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, \$1,477,777.12.

LORILLARD FIRE INS. COMPANY

OF NEW YORK.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, \$1,500,000.00.

NORTH AMERICAN FIRE IN. CO.

OF NEW YORK.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, \$750,000.00.

CORN EXCHANGE INS. COMPANY

OF NEW YORK.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, \$550,000.00.

ROGER WILLIAMS INS. COMPY

OF PROVIDENCE, R. I.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, \$201,358.81.

GLENS FALLS INSURANCE CO.

OF GLENS FALLS, N. Y.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS, \$218,329.18.

THE MUTUAL LIFE INS. CO. OF

NEW YORK.

The Oldest and Largest Mutual Insurance Company in the United States.

CAPITAL AND ASSETS, \$25,000,000.00.

Life Insurance.

Either separately or combined, at the lowest rates of Premium in the

TRAVELLER'S INSURANCE CO.

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

CAPITAL AND ASSETS, \$1,000,000.00.

Life and Accident Insurance

Fire and Marine Insurance effected at this Agency in any of the above well known Companies.

DEWEY, NOBLE & CO.

Office corner Lake and Main Sts., St. Albans, 1d-4f

NEW LADIES STORE,

Opposite Store of Saxe & Place in building formerly occupied by S. S. & J. A. Bedard. Ladies will find here a complete and choice assortment of Fancy Dry goods just received from market, such as

Laces,
Fringes all colors,
Edgings,
Insertions,
Muslins,
Laws,
Collars, Cuffs
Veils,
Fans, a rich lot.

Valencienes and Thread Lace Collars.

A nice line of French Cambrics and Fancy Lawns. A new Kid Glove which surpasses anything yet brought into this market, and guaranteed. All of which will be sold at reasonable prices. Ladies will find it to their advantage to call and examine for themselves.

Dress and Cloak making in all its varieties under the skillful supervision of Miss Ellen Moore, long and favorably known to the inhabitants of this village and vicinity. Agent for WILCOX & GIBBS Sewing Machines, 1-4-5b

THE ST. ALBANS BRIGADE BAND

Are prepared to furnish music for

FIREMEN and MILITARY

PARADES,
PICNICS,
EXCURSIONS,
DANCES,

And on other occasions where Band and String Music is required.

Orders addressed to

GEORGE E. KINSLEY,

OR TO

W. H. S. SMITH,

At the Tremont House, will receive prompt attention. d1-4f

M'GOWAN & BROWN,

SADDLERY, CARTRIDGE,

AND

BUILDING HARDWARE.

We have the largest and best assorted stock of goods of every description, in the above line, to be found in the State. As agents for the largest Belting Factories, we keep a supply of

LEATHER BELTING

Of all sizes on hand. We offer a full and complete assortment of

Carriage and Harness Makers' Supplies,

And are constantly receiving consignments of a superior article of Black and Buckhorn Harness, Leather, Patent Collar and Russel's Grain and Split Shirting and Winder. Hard and soft Dash, Enamelled Oil Top and

GRAIN BOOT LEATHER.

ALSO

CARPETING AND OIL CLOTH,

Which we offer at a low cash figure.

M'GOWAN & BROWN,
J. PROTHINGHAM M'GOWAN, St. Albans, Vt.
GEORGE W. BROWN, d1-4f

VICTOR ATWOOD,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

IRON,

STEEL,

GLASS,

NAILS,

OIL,

PAINTS,

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS

SEEDS,

MECHANICS TOOLS,

SHELF

HARDWARE